FARM ANIMAL NUTRITION

COURSE OUTLINE

ΓΕΝΙΚΑ

SCHOOL	AGRICULTURE SCIENCE				
DEPARTMENT	FOOD SCIENCE AND NUTRITION				
STUDY LEVEL	5 years				
COURSE CODE	CP416	16 SEMESTER 4th		ו	
COURSE TITLE	FARM ANIMAL NUTRITION				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES					
In case ECTS are awarded for distinct parts of the course e.g. Theory Lectures, Laboratory Practicals etc. If ECTS are awarded uniformly for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and total ECTS.			WEEKLY COURSES		CREDITS
Theory Lectures		3			
Exercises		3			
TOTAL				6	
COURSE TYPE Background, Basic knowledge, Field of Science, Skill development	General background and knowledge regarding General principles of animal nutrition.				
PREREQUISITES:	No				
LANGUAGE:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED for ERASMUS STUDENTS?	No				
COURSE WEB PAGE (URL)	<u>https://food</u>	<u>.uth.gr/farm</u> an	imal nutrition		

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain)

level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult. Appendix A

• Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework

• Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning

And Appendix B

• • Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

General principles of Animal Nutrition, Concepts and Definitions, Ration, Ration Properties, Ruminant Animal Nutrition, Monogastric Animal Nutrition. Organic breeding of productive animals. Nutrition and Quality of Livestock Products. Effect of diet on the consistency and quality of milk and carcass. Animal welfare and quality of animal products.

The course refers to the nutrition of dairy cows, breeding calves, growing-fattening calves, sheep and goats, pigs and birds (nutritional needs for maintenance and production: in energy, proteins, vitamins and minerals - Preparation of rations).

The course aims to acquire the necessary and modern scientific knowledge for the preparation of balanced diets for cattle, sheep, goats, pigs and birds depending on their production direction, age, physiological stage and production system, with the aim of developing their production potential to the maximum possible and producing high quality products while ensuring their health and well-being and the minimum environmental impact.

In particular, the following are analyzed:

- The basic principles of feeding farm animals (ration properties, feeding efficiency, feeding technique and systems, etc.).

- The physiological bases of farm animals and the particularities of each species and category thereof.

- The detailed feeding of dairy cows, meat cows, bulls, pups and growing cattle, breeding calves, sheep, goats, lambs, kids, pigs and birds.

– The organic breeding of productive animals.

- The effect of nutrition on the reproductive function of productive animals.

 The effect of nutrition on the quality of livestock products produced (milk, meat). 				
– The interaction of diet and climate change.				
– The relation-hip between nutrition and welfare of productive animals				
General Competences				
Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the				
Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?				
Theoretical thinking and the ability to translate theory into practice				
Search, analyze and synthesize data and information, using the necessary technologies				
Decision-making				
Autonomous work				
• Teamwork				
Promoting free, creative and inductive thinking				
Development of lateral and divergent thinking				

COURSE CONTENT

Week 1 General principles of animal nutrition Concepts and definitions Ration - Ration Properties Effectiveness of nutrition Introduction - Economics of the ration Exploitation of the ration Checking the effectiveness of nutrition Feeding systems Technique of feeding Preparation of rations Administration of the ration Water consumption Methods of mineral administration to ruminant animals Choice of mineral salt administration method

Week 2

Normal feeding bases of ruminant's Symbiotic phenomena of prostomata Symbiotic phenomena of prostocombatants and exploitation of the diet Minimum and maximum use of coarse fodder Feeding cattle Feeding dairy cows Diet in the dry period Metabolic diseases of dairy cows

Week 3

Feeding cows in the lactation period Physical condition of cows Dairy cow feeding systems Peculiarities of feeding high-yielding cows Replacement calf diet Feeding broiler cows Feeding bulls Feeding of Growing and Fattening Ruminant Animals Growing ruminants (calves and lambs and kids) Physiological bases Feeding newborns Ingredients of artificial milk and starting mixture Principles of composition of artificial milk and starting mixture Diet after weaning Fattening cattle Fattening of milk calves (veal)

Fattening of calves of large body weight (400-650 kg) Calf fattening in Greece Week 4 Feeding sheep and goats Import Physiological bases Feeding sheep Physical (nutritional) status of ewes Effect of the level of nutrition on milk production Effect of the level of N-based substances in the diet Feeding intensively reared sheep Feeding extensively farmed sheep Goat diet Feeding male animals (rams and goats) Lamb and kid diet Feeding newborns Feeding of weaned lambs and kids Metabolic diseases in sheep and goats - Introduction Prestomach disorders Disorders in the small intestine Disturbances due to inadequate administration of N-substances Disorders due to excessive administration of N-substances Disorders due to inadequate mineral administration Breast edema Metabolic diseases of lambs and kids Urolithiasis Rickets Chronic acidosis Milk indigestion Loss of passive immunity Neonatal hypoglycemia Week 5 **Organic Ruminant Farming** General principles Rules for the operation of organic farms Livestock (genetic material) Building facilities and equipment Conditions of rearing Nutrition Quality of organic products Organic ruminant farming in Greece Effect of Diet on Reproduction Reproductive function of dairy cows Increase ration energy density Reduction of fat content of milk Breeding function of broiler cows Reproductive function of calves Week 6 Breeding function of ovine and caprine animals Embryonic programming Adolescence of replacement animals Reproductive function of male animals Nutrition and Quality of Livestock Products

Definition of quality

Milk - Milk ingredients Physicochemical properties of milk Organoleptic properties of milk Effect of diet on the chemical composition of milk Dietary value of milk Week 7 Meat - General Effect of diet on carcass composition Effect of diet on carcass quality Nutritional value of meat Health-related properties of meat Climate Change and Animal Production Impact of climate change on animals Greenhouse gases emitted from farmed livestock Carbon dioxide (CO2) Methane (CH4) Nitric oxide (N2O) Livestock production systems and greenhouse gas emissions Factors affecting the CF of animal products on the plant Production Calculation of greenhouse gas emissions from livestock Strategies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from productive animals Waste management Findings - Conclusions Week 8 Nutrition and Well-being Import Definition of well-being Basic principles of freedom and care of farm animals Relationship between nutrition and well-being Dairy cows Broiler cows, sheep and goats Growing – fattening ruminants and milk calves Welfare and quality of animal products Feed and Feed Additives General definitions Feed ingredients - Feed nutrients - Ingredients harmful to animal health or anti-dietary agents - Inert feed ingredients Distinction - Classification of feedingstuffs Description of simple feed Coarse fodder Green vegetable matter Grass Other types of green plant matter Week 9 C.P.Y maintenance products Drying of H.P.H. and manufactured products Silage of H.P.H. and manufactured products By-products of threshing Condensed feedingstuffs - Fruits-seeds

- By-products of agro-industries

- Animal feed
- Mineral feed
- Feed technology
- Feed additives
- Nutrient supplements
- Auxiliary substances
- Improving nutrient digestion
- Preventive factors of disease

Week 10

- Principles of Animal Nutrition
- Types of rations
- Properties of the ration
- The balance of the diet
- Saturation capacity of the ration
- Suitability of feedingstuffs
- Other properties of the ration
- Establishment of the ration
- Economic evaluation of feed
- -Ruminants
- Pigs and birds
- Methods of drawing up rations
- The method of Linear Programming.
- The mixing method
- Balancing basic rations

Week 11

- Effectiveness of nutrition
- Operation of the ration
- Factors influencing PRA
- Means of improving the CC
- Increase digestibility
- Increase utilization during metabolism
- Influencing the production of the animal
- Change in food consumption
- Feeding systems
- Technique of feeding
- Preparation of the ration Administration of the ration

Week 12

- Feeding pigs Feeding pig breeders - Effect of nutrition on the breeding cycle - Nutrition during pregnancy - Nutrition during lactation - Nutrition after weaning - Boar diet Feeding growing pigs Feeding suckling piglets Physiological peculiarities of newborns Feeding piglets Feeding weaned piglets Feeding weaned piglets Feeding young pigs Calculation of needs
- Feeding young breeding pigs
- Fattening of pigs

- Simple diet dry rations

- Liquid rations
- Mixed diet diets
- Week 13
- Feeding birds
- Production objectives of poultry farming
- Technique of feeding hens
- Factors affecting food consumption
- Feeding hens of egg type
- Feeding in the period of growth
- Feeding during the period of egg production
- Productive characteristics of laying hens
- Needs of laying hens
- Specifications of feeding mixtures for laying hens
- Feeding breeding hens
- Feeding breeding hens of broiler type
- Nutrition during the period of growth
- Feeding during the period of egg production
- Feeding broiler chickens
- Data on the development of hens
- Data for determining the needs of hens
- Specifications of feeding mixtures for hens

TEACHING METHODS--ASSESSMENT

METHOD OF DELIVERY	Face to face			
Face to face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	a. Digital media will be used for the teaching of the course			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	(presentations using projector, PowerPoint, Excel, videos,			
Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory Education,	and photos), while communication with students can also			
communication with students	be done online (questions, exercises).			
	b. There will be demonstration-learning of finding modern			
	scientific literature from the internet (international			
	scientific journals).			
	c. The training of rational diets of farm animals will be			
	taught using a computer.			
	d. There will be a daily educat	ional trip to a farm animal		
	breeding unit (with cows, calv	es, sheep, goats or pigs).		
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Semester Workload		
The method and methods of teaching are	Lectures in Auditorium	39		
described in detail. Lectures Seminars Laboratory Exercise Field	Laboratory field exercise /	39		
Exercise, Bibliography Study & Analysis,	Laboratory exercises			
Tutorial, Internship (Placement), Clinical	Independent study	69		
Practicing, Art Workshop, Interactive Teaching,	Study visits	3		
project / assianments. Artistic creation. etc.				
······································				
The student's study hours for each learning	Tatal Causes			
activity are listed as well as the hours of unquided study so that the total workload at	Total Course			
semester level corresponds to ECTS standards	(25 hours of workload per	150		
	creait)			
STUDENT EVALUATION	I. Written final exam for the	theory (100%) including:		
Description of the evaluation process	Questions for the development of topics in known			
	material of suggested bibliography.			

Assessment Language, Assessment Methods, Formative or Summative, Multiple Choice Test, Short Answer Questions, Essay Development Questions, Problem Solving, Written Assignment, Essay/Report, Oral Examination, Public Presentation, Laboratory Work, Clinical Examination of a Patient, Artistic Interpretation, Other/Others Explicitly defined evaluation criteria and whether and where they are accessible to	Questions that require synthesis of information and critical thinking by the student. II. Presentation by students of individual or group work for the laboratory (100%) or written examination for the laboratory (100%) if it is not possible to present papers.				
RECOMMENDED-BIBLIOGRAPHY					
a. Course bibliography (Eudoxus): Zervas, G.P. (2013). Feeding ruminant animals. Stamoulis Publications S.A., Athens. ISBN: 9789603519416. b. Course bibliography (Eudoxus): Zervas, G.P. (2004). Farm Animal Nutrition. Stamoulis Publications S.A., Athens. ISBN: 9603515205.					
-Related scientific journals: Animal Journal: https://www.Cambridge.org/core/journals/animal# Czech Journal of Animal Science: https://www.agriculturejournals.cz/web/cjas/ Animal Nutrition: https://www.keaipublishing.com/en/journals/animal-nutrition/ Canadian Journal of Animal Science: https://cdnsciencepub.com/journal/cjas					